HIV/AIDS AND STD PREVENTION EDUCATION

The life-threatening dangers of <u>HIV (human immunodeficiency virus) and AIDS (acquired immunodeficiency immune deficiency</u> syndrome (HIV/AIDS) and other sexually transmitted diseases and their prevention shall be taught in the district. HIV/AIDS prevention education shall be limited to the discussion of the life-threatening dangers of the disease, its <u>spreadtransmission</u>, and prevention. Students shall receive such education at least once each school year beginning no later than the fifth grade.

The HIV/AIDS prevention education program shall be developed in consultation with teachers, administrators, parents, and other community members including, but not limited to, persons from medical, public health, and mental health organizations and agencies. The curricula and materials used in the HIV/AIDS education program may be the model curricula and resources available through OSPI or, if developed by the school district, be approved for medical accuracy by the <u>State Department of Health, HIV/AIDS Prevention and Education Services</u> office on <u>HIV/AIDS</u>. District-developed curricula shall be submitted to the <u>HIV/AIDS Prevention and Education Services</u> office on <u>HIV/AIDS</u> accompanied by an affidavit of medical accuracy stating that the material in the district-developed curricula has been compared to the model curricula for medical accuracy and that in the opinion of the district the district-developed materials are medically accurate. Upon submission of the affidavit and curricula, the district may use these materials until the approval procedure to be conducted by the <u>HIV/AIDS Prevention and Education Services office of HIV/AIDS</u> has been completed.

At least one month before teaching HIV/AIDS prevention education in any classroom the district will conduct, during convenient hours (weekend and/or evening hours) for the parents and guardians of students, at least one presentation concerning the curricula and materials that will be used for such education. The parents and guardians shall be notified of the presentation. The curricula and materials shall beare available for inspection. No student may be required to participate in HIV/AIDS prevention education if the student's parent or guardian objects in writing to participation.

The curriculum for HIV/AIDS prevention education shall be designed to teach students which behaviors place a person dangerously at risk of infection <u>by-with</u> the human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) and other sexually transmitted diseases and methods to avoid such risk including, at least:

- the dangers of drug abuse, especially that involving the use of hypodermic needles; and
- the dangers of sexual intercourse, with or without condoms.

The program of HIV/AIDS prevention education shall stress the life-threatening dangers of contracting HIV/AIDS and shall stress that abstinence from sexual activity is the only certain means for the prevention of preventing the spread or contractiontransmission of the HIV/AIDS virus through sexual contact. The instruction shall also stress that condoms and other artificial means of birth control are not a certain means of preventing the spread transmission of the HIV/AIDS virus; reliance on condoms puts an individual at risk for exposure to the disease.

Cross References:	Board Po	olicy	3414 2125	Infectious Diseases Health, Family Life and Sex Education
Legal References:	RCW	28A.23	30.070	AIDS Education in public schools

 RCW 28A.300.475	Medically accurate sexual health education
70.24.250	Repository and Clearing House for AIDS
	Education and Training Materials

 Management Resources:

 Policy News, December 2008
 HIV/AIDS Prevention Education

Revision Date: 2-23-09Adoption Date: July 17, 2002Woodland School District #404